

VALLEY STREAM UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT THIRTEEN

PARENT HANDBOOK



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VALLEY STREAM DISTRICT 13 PARENT HANDBOOK

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VALLEY STREAM UNION FREE SCHOOL DISTRICT THIRTEEN

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**Adrienne Robb-Fund, Ed.D.
Superintendent of Schools**

September 2011

Dear Parents and Guardians:

The Parent Handbook contains important information on district policies and procedures that will be helpful to you and your child. I encourage you to read the information carefully, and if you have any questions please contact your school principal or my office. A complete listing of district policies is maintained in each school and on the district website.

In order to ensure that parents review the information contained in the handbook, you will receive a parent/guardian response form which must be completed and returned to the principal of your child's school. I look forward to working closely with you to ensure that the children in District Thirteen receive the best possible education in a safe and nurturing environment.

Very truly yours,

Adrienne Robb-Fund

Adrienne Robb-Fund, Ed.D.
Superintendent of Schools

VALLEY STREAM DISTRICT THIRTEEN

BELIEF

We believe that children should be at the center of the learning process. We believe that children learn best by constructing new understandings of the world around them, its relationships and phenomena. This “constructivist” approach to student learning values pupils’ points of view and encourages children to interact with the curriculum in personally meaningful ways. In this fashion, children become lifelong learners, well prepared for later school experiences as well as the adult work force.

VISION

Valley Stream School District Thirteen will enable each child to be prepared to meet the challenges of today and tomorrow by: recognizing the individuality and intrinsic worth of each child; helping each child to learn the necessary academic skills; encouraging each child to take risks in order to maximize his or her potential; enabling each child to develop positive social and ethical skills to become a contributing member of society; and providing an environment that nurtures self-esteem and promotes health through collaboration with family and community.

MISSION

Through the efforts of home, school, and community, the schools of Valley Stream District Thirteen enables students to become independent, responsible, self-confident, and motivated towards lifelong learning. To this end, the school district offers its entire community of learners a varied and challenging curriculum in a nurturing environment that is conducive to teaching and learning. We expect our children to consider important ideas, to master basic skills, to develop keen problem solving skills, to develop social responsibility, and to set high personal goals. We expect our children to become literate in the traditional sense, as well as in the areas of technology, science, and mathematics.

VALLEY STREAM DISTRICT THIRTEEN

GOALS

1. To foster positive dispositions and improve student performance in English Language Arts (reading, writing, speaking, listening).
2. To improve students' ability to think, reason and problem solve, and compute mathematically.
3. To differentiate instruction in order to meet the diverse learning needs of our students.
4. To teach students to respect and appreciate differences between and among people and cultures around the world.
5. To foster a sense of responsible citizenship in a caring and respectful community of learners.
6. To teach students positive strategies for conflict resolution.
7. To challenge students to construct a deeper understanding of the world around them through an inquiry based approach to science and social studies.
8. To infuse technology applications into all areas of the curriculum.
9. To develop abilities, talents, and creativity in music, art, and physical education.

SUMMARY

CODE OF CONDUCT

The Code of Conduct applies to all students, school personnel, parents and visitors. It defines acceptable conduct on school property and identifies possible consequences of unacceptable conduct. A summary of students' rights and responsibilities, conduct and behavior, prohibited student conduct, and disciplinary procedures follows.

The essential partners that contribute to the climate of mutual respect and dignity are parents and caregivers, teachers, support personnel, support staff, administrators, the Superintendent and the Board of Education. It is our belief that a close partnership among these groups will strengthen students' self-concept, promote respectful behavior, and develop a confidence to learn in our students.

RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

It is a student's right to participate in all district activities on an equal basis. Students will be made aware of school rules, and be allowed to explain their actions when necessary.

It is a student's responsibility to contribute to a safe and orderly school environment. Being respectful to others, abiding by school rules, exhibiting self-control, and accepting responsibility for their actions enables students to achieve this. Students will attend school every day, arrive on time, and be appropriately dressed. They will work to the best of their ability, seek help to solve problems, and promptly report anything that might endanger themselves or others.

The Student Dress Code discusses the expectation that proper attention is given to personal cleanliness, and that clothing is safe and appropriate and not disrupt or interfere with the educational process. Specific information about unacceptable attire can be found on page 8 of the Code of Conduct.

CONDUCT AND BEHAVIOR

All students are expected to conduct themselves in an appropriate and civil manner, respecting the welfare of others. Students will accept responsibility for their own behavior and accept the consequences for their misbehavior. Disciplinary action, up to and including suspension from school, will result from disorderly, insubordinate, disruptive, violent or dangerous behavior. Academic misconduct and inappropriate behavior while engaged in off site activity or on school buses will also result in disciplinary action.

PROHIBITED STUDENT CONDUCT

The District's response to any real or perceived threat will be taken very seriously, and appropriate action will be taken, including notifying law enforcement agencies. Prohibited student conduct is defined on pages 5-6a through 5-6b of the Code.

DISCIPLINARY ACTIONS

All District staff authorized to impose disciplinary sanctions are expected to do so in a prompt, fair, and lawful manner. Discipline is most effective when it deals directly with the problem at the time and place it occurs, and in a way that students view as fair and impartial. As a general rule, discipline will be progressive depending upon the circumstances, and will place emphasis on the student's ability to grow in self-discipline.

Students who are found to have violated the Code of Conduct may be subject to penalties alone or in combination. These penalties, as well as due process rights, are defined beginning on page 5-8a of the Code of Conduct.

PUBLIC CONDUCT

The District encourages parents, caregivers, and other district residents to visit our schools. Schools are a place of work and learning, therefore certain limits must be set for such visits.

All visitors to the school must sign the Visitor's Register at the courtesy desk in each school lobby, leave a picture ID, and receive a Visitor's Identification Badge, which must be worn at all times in the school and on school grounds.

All visitors are expected to abide by the rules for public conduct on school property contained in the Code of Conduct. Detailed information about public conduct can be found beginning on page 5-13a of the Code of Conduct.

CODE OF CONDUCT

POLICY

CODE OF CONDUCT

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CODE OF CONDUCT
INTRODUCTION

The Board of Education is committed to providing a safe and orderly school environment where students may receive and district personnel may deliver quality educational services without disruption or interference. Responsible behavior by students, teachers, other district personnel, parent or guardians and other visitors is essential to achieving this goal.

The district has a long-standing set of expectations for conduct on school property and at school functions. These expectations are based on the principles of civility, mutual respect, citizenship, character, tolerance, honesty and integrity.

The Board recognizes the need to clearly define these expectations for acceptable conduct on school property, identify the possible consequences of unacceptable conduct, and to ensure that discipline, when necessary, is administered promptly and fairly. To this end, the Board adopts this code of conduct ("code").

Unless otherwise indicated, this code applies to all students, school personnel, parent or guardians and other visitors when on school property or attending a school function.

Education Law 2801

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

**CODE OF CONDUCT
DEFINITIONS**

For purposes of this code, the following definitions apply.

"Disruptive student" means a student who is substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interferes with the teacher's authority over the classroom.

"Parent or guardian" means parent or guardian, guardian or person in parent or guardian relation to a student.

"School property" means in or within any building, structure, athletic playing field, playground, parking lot or land contained within the real property boundary line of a public elementary or secondary school, or in or on a school bus, as defined in Vehicle and Traffic Law §142.

"School function" means any school-sponsored extra-curricular event, activity or function approved by administration or the designee, whether on or off school property.

"Violent student" means a student under the age of 21 who:

1. Commits an act of violence upon a school employee, or attempts to do so.
2. Commits, while on school property or at a school function, an act of violence upon another student or any other person lawfully on school property or at the school function, or attempts to do so.
3. Possess, while on school property or at a school function, a weapon.
4. Displays, while on school property or at a school function, what appears to be a weapon.
5. Threatens, while on school property or at a school function, to use a weapon.
6. Knowingly and intentionally damages or destroys the personal property of any school employee or any person lawfully on school property or at a school function.
7. Knowingly and intentionally damages or destroys school district property.

"Weapon" means a firearm as defined in 18 USC §921 for purposes of the Gun-Free Schools Act. It also means any other gun, BB gun, pistol, revolver, shotgun, rifle, machine gun, disguised gun, dagger, dirk, razor, stiletto, switchblade knife, pocket knife, gravity knife, brass knuckles, sling shot, metal knuckle knife, box cutters, cane sword, electronic dart gun, Kung Fu star, electronic stun gun, pepper spray or other noxious spray, explosive or incendiary bomb, or other device, instrument, material or substance that can cause physical injury or death when used to cause physical injury or death.

1st Reading May 23, 2001
2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

**CODE OF CONDUCT
STUDENT RIGHTS AND RESPONSIBILITIES**

A. Student Rights

The district is committed to safeguarding the rights given to all students under state and federal law. In addition, to promote a safe, healthy, orderly and civil school environment, all district students have the right to:

1. Take part in all district activities on an equal basis regardless of race, color, creed, national origin, religion, gender, sexual orientation or disability.
2. Present their version of the relevant events to school personnel authorized to impose a disciplinary penalty in connection with the imposition of the penalty.
3. Access school rules and, when necessary, receive an explanation of those rules from school personnel at the beginning of the year and reviewed throughout the year.

B. Student Responsibilities

All district students have the responsibility to:

1. Contribute to maintaining a safe and orderly school environment that is conducive to learning and to show respect to other persons and to property.
2. Be familiar with and abide by all district policies, rules and regulations dealing with student conduct.
3. Attend school every day unless they are legally excused and be in class, on time, and prepared to learn.
4. Work to the best of their ability in all academic and extracurricular pursuits and strive toward their highest level of achievement possible.
5. React to direction given by teachers, administrators and other school personnel in a respectful, positive manner.
6. Develop mechanisms to control their anger.
7. Ask questions when they do not understand.
8. Seek help in solving problems that might lead to discipline.
9. Dress appropriately for school and school functions.
10. Accept responsibility for their actions.
11. Conduct themselves as representatives of the district when participating in or attending school-sponsored extracurricular events and to hold themselves to the highest standards of conduct, demeanor, and sportsmanship.
12. Report promptly any code violations concerning illegal substances, weapons, threats, or other conduct which may endanger others or disrupt the security of the building to a teacher, the Building Principal or his or her designee or appropriate school personnel.
13. To cooperate with school authorities in the investigation of Code of Conduct violations.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

**CODE OF CONDUCT
ESSENTIAL PARTNERS**

A. Parent or guardians

All parent or guardians are expected to:

1. Recognize that the education of their child(ren) is a joint responsibility of the parent or guardians and the school community.
2. Send their children to school ready to participate and learn.
3. Ensure their children attend school regularly and on time.
4. Ensure absences are excused.
5. Insist their children be dressed and groomed in a manner consistent with the student dress code.
6. Help their children understand that in a democratic society appropriate rules are required to maintain a safe, orderly environment.
7. Know school rules and help their children understand them.
8. Convey to their children a supportive attitude toward education and the district.
9. Build respectful relationships with school personnel, other parents, their children's friends, and other community members.
10. Help their children deal effectively with peer pressure.
11. Inform school officials of changes in the home situation that may affect student conduct or performance.
12. Provide a place for study and ensure homework assignments are completed.
13. Serve as role models for their children with respect to appropriate behavior.
14. Report promptly any code violations concerning illegal substances, weapons, threats, or other conduct which may endanger others or disrupt the security of the building to a teacher, the Building Principal or his or her designee or appropriate school personnel.
15. To cooperate with school authorities in their investigation of Code violations.

B. Teachers

All district teachers are expected to:

1. Maintain a climate of mutual respect and dignity, which will strengthen students' self-concept and promote confidence to learn.
2. Be prepared to teach.
3. Demonstrate interest in teaching and concern for student achievement.
4. Know school policies and rules, and enforce them in a fair and consistent manner throughout the school.
5. Communicate to students and parent or guardians:
 - a. Course objectives and requirements
 - b. Marking/grading procedures
 - c. Assignment deadlines
 - d. Expectations for students
 - e. Classroom discipline plan.
6. Communicate regularly with students, parents or guardians, other teachers, and staff members concerning growth and achievement.
7. Serve as role models for students and to model appropriate behavior.
8. Take appropriate action when they observe conduct which violates the Code of Conduct whether in or out of the classroom setting.

C. Support Personnel (Psychologists, Social Workers)

All Support Personnel are expected to:

1. Assist students in coping with peer pressure and emerging personal, social and emotional problems.
2. Initiate parent/school conferences, as necessary, as a way to resolve problems.
3. Encourage students to benefit from the curriculum and extracurricular programs.

D. Support Staff (Nurse, Noon Hour Aides, Classroom Aides, Custodians, etc.)

All Support Staff are expected to:

1. Promote a safe, orderly school environment in accordance with the Code of Conduct.

E. Principals

All Principals are expected to:

1. Promote a safe, orderly and stimulating school environment, supporting active teaching and learning.
2. Ensure that students and staff have the opportunity to communicate regularly with the Principal and approach the Principal for redress of grievances.
3. Evaluate on a regular basis all instructional programs.
4. Support the development of and student participation in appropriate extracurricular activities.
5. Be responsible for enforcing the code of conduct and ensuring that all cases are resolved promptly and fairly.
6. Be a role model for respectful behavior.

F. Superintendent

1. Promote a safe, orderly and stimulating school environment, supporting active teaching and learning.
2. Review with district administrators the policies of the Board of education and state and federal laws relating to school operations and management.
3. Inform the Board about educational trends relating to student discipline.
4. Work to create instructional programs that minimize problems of misconduct and are sensitive to student and teacher needs.
5. Work with district administrators in enforcing the code of conduct and ensuring that all cases are resolved promptly and fairly.
6. Be a role model for respectful behavior.

G. Board of Education

1. Collaborate with student, teacher, administrator, and parent or guardian organizations, school safety personnel and other school personnel to develop a code of conduct that clearly defines expectations for the conduct of students, district personnel and visitors on school property and at school functions.
2. Adopt and review, at least annually, the district's code of conduct to evaluate the code's effectiveness and the fairness and consistency of its implementation.
3. Lead by example by conducting Board meetings in a professional, respectful, courteous manner.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

CODE OF CONDUCT

Student Dress Code

All students are expected to give proper attention to personal cleanliness and to dress appropriately for school and school functions. Students and their parent or guardians have the primary responsibility for acceptable student dress and appearance. Teachers and all other district personnel should exemplify and reinforce acceptable student dress and help students develop an understanding of appropriate appearance in the school setting.

A student's dress, grooming, and appearance, shall:

1. Be safe, appropriate and not disrupt or interfere with the educational process.
2. Recognize that extremely brief garments such as tube tops, net tops, halter tops, spaghetti straps, plunging necklines (front and/or back), see-through garments, and tight or very short garments are not appropriate.
3. Ensure that underwear is completely covered with outer clothing.
4. Include footwear at all times. Footwear that is a safety hazard will not be allowed.
5. Not include the wearing of hats or inappropriate head covering in school, except for a medical or religious purpose.
6. Not include items that are vulgar, obscene, libelous, or denigrate others on account of race, color, religion, creed, national origin, gender, sexual orientation or disability.
7. Not promote and/or endorse the use of alcohol, tobacco or illegal drugs and/or encourage other illegal or violent activities.

Each Building Principal or his/her designee shall be responsible for informing all students and their parent or guardians of the student dress code at the beginning of the school year and any revisions to the dress code made during the school year.

Students who violate the student dress code shall be required to modify their appearance by covering or removing the offending item, and if necessary or practical, replacing it with an acceptable item. Any student who refuses to do so shall be subject to discipline, up to and including in-school suspension for the day. Any student who repeatedly fails to comply with the dress code shall be subject to further discipline, up to and including out of school suspension.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

CODE OF CONDUCT
PROHIBITED STUDENT CONDUCT

The Board of Education expects all students to conduct themselves in an appropriate and civil manner, with proper regard for the rights and welfare of other students, district personnel and other members of the school community, and for the care of school facilities and equipment.

The best discipline is self-imposed, and students must learn to assume and accept responsibility for their own behavior, as well as the consequences of their misbehavior. District personnel who interact with students are expected to use disciplinary action only when necessary and to place emphasis on the students' ability to grow in self-discipline.

The Board recognizes the need to make its expectations for student conduct while on school property or engaged in a school function specific and clear. The rules of conduct listed below are intended to do that and focus on safety and respect for the rights and property of others. Students who will not accept responsibility for their own behavior and who violate these school rules will be required to accept the penalties for their conduct.

Students may be subject to disciplinary action, up to and including suspension from school, when they:

- A. Engage in conduct that is disorderly. Examples of disorderly conduct include but are not limited to:
1. Running in hallways.
 2. Making unreasonable noise.
 3. Using language or gestures that is profane, lewd, vulgar or abusive.
 4. Obstructing vehicular or pedestrian traffic.
 5. Engaging in any willful act which disrupts the normal operation of the school community.
 6. Trespassing. Students are not permitted in any school building, other than the one they regularly attend, without permission from the administrator in charge of the building.
 7. Computer/electronic communications misuse, including any unauthorized use of computers, software, or internet/intranet account; accessing inappropriate websites; or any other violation of the district's acceptable use policy.
- B. Engage in conduct that is insubordinate. Examples of insubordinate conduct include but are not limited to:
1. Failing to comply with the reasonable directions of teachers, school administrators or other school employees in charge of students or otherwise demonstrating disrespect.
 2. Lateness for, missing or leaving school without permission. (see Attendance Policy)
- C. Engage in conduct that is disruptive. Examples of disruptive conduct include but are not limited to:
1. Failing to comply with the reasonable directions of teachers, school administrators or other school personnel in charge of students.
- D. Engage in conduct that is violent. Examples of violent conduct include but are not limited to:
1. Committing an act of violence (such as hitting, kicking, punching, scratching and biting) upon a teacher, administrator or other school employee or attempting to do so.
 2. Committing an act of violence (such as hitting, kicking, punching, scratching and biting) upon another student or any other person lawfully on school property or attempting to do so.
 3. Possessing a weapon. Authorized law enforcement officials are the only persons permitted to have a weapon in their possession while on school property or at a school function.
 4. Displaying what appears to be a weapon.
 5. Threatening to use any weapon.
 6. Intentionally damaging or destroying the personal property of a student, teacher, administrator, other district employee or any person lawfully on school property, including graffiti or arson.
 7. Intentionally damaging or destroying school district property.

- E. Engage in any conduct that endangers the safety, morals, health or welfare of others. Examples of such conduct include but are not limited to:
1. Lying to school personnel.
 2. Stealing the property of other students, school personnel or any other person on school property or attending a school function.
 3. Defamation, which includes making false or unprivileged statements or representations about an individual or identifiable group of individuals that harm the reputation of the person or the identifiable group by demeaning them.
 4. Discrimination, which includes the use of race, color, creed, national origin, religion, gender, sexual orientation or disability as a basis for treating another in a negative manner.
 5. Harassment, which includes a sufficiently severe action or persistent pervasive pattern of actions or statements directed at an identifiable individual or group which are intended to be, or which a reasonable person would perceive as ridiculing or demeaning.
 6. Intimidation, which includes engaging in actions or statements that put an individual in fear of bodily harm.
 7. Hazing, which includes any intentional or reckless act directed against another for the purpose of initiation into, affiliating with or maintaining membership in any school sponsored activity, organization, club or team.
 8. Selling, using or possessing obscene material.
 9. Using vulgar or abusive language, cursing or swearing.
 10. Smoking a cigarette, cigar, pipe or using chewing or smokeless tobacco or herbal cigarettes.
 11. Possessing, consuming, selling, distributing or exchanging alcoholic beverages or illegal substances, or being under the influence of either. "Illegal substances" include, but are not limited to, inhalants, marijuana, cocaine, LSD, PCP, amphetamines, heroin, steroids, look-alike drugs, and any substances commonly referred to as "designer drugs."
 12. Inappropriately using or sharing prescription and over-the-counter drugs.
 13. Gambling.
 14. Indecent exposure, that is, exposure to sight of the private parts of the body in a lewd or indecent manner.
 15. Initiating a report warning of fire or other catastrophe without valid cause, misuse of 911, or discharging a fire extinguisher.
- F. Engage in misconduct while on a school bus. It is crucial for students to behave appropriately while riding on district buses, to ensure their safety and that of other passengers and to avoid distracting the bus driver. Students are required to conduct themselves on the bus in a manner consistent with established standards for classroom behavior and as set forth in this Code of Conduct. Excessive noise, pushing, shoving and fighting will not be tolerated.
- G. Engage in any form of academic misconduct. Examples of academic misconduct include but are not limited to:
1. Plagiarism.
 2. Cheating.
 3. Copying.
 4. Altering records.
 5. Assisting another student in any of the above actions.

**CODE OF CONDUCT
REPORTING VIOLATIONS**

All students shall be required to report promptly any code violations concerning illegal substances, weapons, threats, or other conduct which may endanger others or disrupt the security of the building to a teacher, the Building Principal or his/her designee or appropriate school personnel. Any student observing a student possessing a weapon, alcohol or illegal substance on school property or at a school function shall report this information immediately to a teacher, the Principal, the Principal's designee or the Superintendent of Schools. In addition, students are required to cooperate with school authorities in their investigation of code violations.

All district staff who are authorized to impose disciplinary sanctions are expected to do so in a prompt, fair and lawful manner. District staff who are not authorized to impose disciplinary sanctions are expected to promptly report violations of the code of conduct to their supervisor, who shall in turn impose an appropriate disciplinary sanction, if so authorized, or refer the matter to a staff member who is authorized to impose an appropriate sanction.

Any weapon, alcohol or illegal substance found shall be confiscated immediately, if possible, followed by notification to the parent or guardian of the student involved and the appropriate disciplinary sanction, which may include permanent suspension and referral for prosecution.

The Principal or his/her designee shall notify the appropriate local law enforcement agency of those code violations that constitute a crime and substantially affect the order or security of a school as soon as practical, but in no event later than the close of business the day the Principal or his/her designee learns of the violation. The notification may be made by telephone, followed by an entry in an internal log, noting the time of the call, the person spoken to at the precinct, details given, and the person making the call, with a follow up contact to the precinct within a reasonable time following the initial contact. This shall also be noted in the internal log. The notification must identify the student and explain the conduct that violated the code of conduct and constituted a crime.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

CODE OF CONDUCT
DISCIPLINARY PENALTIES, PROCEDURES AND REFERRALS

Discipline is most effective when it deals directly with the problem at the time and place it occurs, and in a way that students view as fair and impartial. School personnel who interact with students are expected to use disciplinary action only when necessary and to place emphasis on the students' ability to grow in self-discipline.

Disciplinary action, when necessary, will be firm, fair and consistent so as to be the most effective in changing student behavior. Disciplinary procedures regarding students with disabilities and students who are suspected of having a disability under the Individuals with Disabilities in Education Act ("IDEA") are set forth in Section X of the code of conduct.

In determining the appropriate disciplinary action, school personnel authorized to impose disciplinary penalties will consider the following:

1. The student's age.
2. The nature of the offense and the circumstances which led to the offense.
3. The student's prior disciplinary record.
4. The effectiveness of other forms of discipline.
5. Information from parent or guardians, teachers and/or others, as appropriate.
6. Other extenuating circumstances.

As a general rule, discipline will be progressive depending upon the circumstances. This means that a student's first violation will usually merit a lighter penalty than subsequent violations.

A. Penalties

Students who are found to have violated the district's code of conduct may be subject to the following penalties, either alone or in combination. The school personnel identified after each penalty are authorized to impose that penalty, consistent with the student's right to due process.

- Oral warning – any member of the district staff
- Written warning – teachers, Principal, Directors, Assistant Superintendent, Superintendent
- Written notification to parent or guardian – teachers, Principal, Directors, Assistant Superintendent, Superintendent
- Loss of in-school privileges (ex. playtime, recess) – teachers, Principal (or those designated by the Principal), Superintendent
- Suspension from transportation – Assistant Superintendent for Business, Directors, Principal, Superintendent
- Suspension from social or extracurricular activities – teacher, Principal, Superintendent
- Suspension of other privileges – teacher, Principal, Superintendent
- Removal from classroom – teachers, Principal
- Short-term (1-5 days) suspension from school – Principal, Superintendent, Board of Education
- Long-term (more than five days) suspension from school – Superintendent, Board of Education
- Permanent suspension from school – Superintendent, Board of Education

B. Procedures

The amount of due process a student is entitled to receive before a penalty is imposed depends on the penalty being imposed. In all cases, regardless of the penalty imposed, the school personnel authorized to impose the penalty must inform the student of the alleged misconduct and must investigate, to the extent necessary, the facts surrounding the alleged misconduct. All students will have an opportunity to present their version of the facts to the school personnel imposing the disciplinary penalty in connection with the imposition of the penalty.

Students who are to be given penalties other than an oral warning, written warning or written notification or the loss of in-school privileges to their parent or guardians are entitled to additional rights before the penalty is imposed. These additional rights are explained below.

1. Suspension from transportation

If a student does not conduct himself/herself properly on a bus, the bus driver is expected to bring such misconduct to the Principal's attention. Students who become a serious disciplinary problem may have their riding privileges suspended by the school personnel indicated in (Sec, VIII A, #5).

In such cases, the student's parent or guardian will become responsible for seeing that his or her child gets to and from school safely. Should the suspension from transportation amount to a suspension from attendance, the district will make appropriate arrangements to provide for the student's education.

A student subjected to a suspension from transportation is not entitled to a full hearing pursuant to Education Law §3214. However, the student and the student's parent or guardian will be provided with a reasonable opportunity for an informal conference with the Principal or the Principal's designee to discuss the conduct and the penalty involved.

2. Suspension from extra-curricular activities and other privileges

A student subjected to a suspension from extra-curricular activities or other privileges is not entitled to a full hearing pursuant to Education Law §3214. However, the student and the student's parent or guardian will be provided with a reasonable opportunity for an informal conference with the district official imposing the suspension to discuss the conduct and the penalty involved.

3. Teacher Disciplinary Removal of Disruptive Students

A student's behavior can affect a teacher's ability to teach and can make it difficult for other students in the classroom to learn. In most instances the classroom teacher can control a student's behavior and maintain or restore control over the classroom by using good classroom management techniques.

These techniques may include practices that involve the teacher directing a student to briefly leave the classroom to give the student an opportunity to regain his or her composure and self-control in an alternative setting. Such practices may include, but are not limited to: (1) short-term "time out" in an elementary classroom or in an administrator's office; (2) sending a student to the Principal's office for a brief period of time; or (3) sending a student to a support staff teacher(s). Time-honored classroom management techniques such as these do not constitute disciplinary removals for purposes of this code.

On occasion, a student's behavior may become disruptive. For purposes of this code of conduct, a disruptive student is a student who is substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interferes with the teacher's authority over the classroom. A substantial disruption of the educational process or substantial interference with a teacher's authority occurs when a student demonstrates a persistent unwillingness to comply with the teacher's instructions or repeatedly violates the teacher's classroom behavior rules.

A classroom teacher may remove a disruptive student from class during the school day for such time period(s) which total less than that full day. The removal from class applies to the class of the removing teacher only.

If the disruptive student does not pose a danger or ongoing threat of disruption to the academic process, the teacher must provide the student with an explanation for why he or she is being removed and an opportunity to explain his or her version of the relevant events before the student is removed. Only after the informal discussion may a teacher remove a student from class.

If the student poses a danger or ongoing threat of disruption, the teacher may order the student to be removed immediately. The teacher must, however, explain to the student why he or she was removed from the classroom and give the student a chance to present his or her version of the relevant events within 24-hours.

The teacher must complete a district-established disciplinary removal form and meet with the Principal or his or her designee as soon as possible after the incident, but no later than the end of the school day, to explain the circumstances of the removal and to present the removal form. If the Principal or designee is not available by the end of the same school day, the teacher must leave the form with the secretary and meet with the Principal or designee prior to the beginning of classes on the next school day.

Within 24 hours after the student's removal, the Principal or another district administrator designated by the Principal must notify the student's parent or guardian, in writing, that the student has been removed from class and why. The notice must also inform the parent or guardian that he or she has the right, upon request, to meet informally with the Principal or the Principal's designee to discuss the reasons for the removal. A copy will be provided for the teacher.

The written notice must be provided by personal delivery, express mail delivery, or some other means that is reasonably calculated to assure receipt of the notice within 24 hours of the student's removal at the last known address for the parent or guardian. Where possible, notice should also be provided by telephone if the school has been provided with a telephone number(s) for the purpose of contacting parent or guardians.

The Principal may require the teacher who ordered the removal to attend the informal conference.

If at the informal meeting the student denies the charges, the Principal or the Principal's designee must explain why the student was removed and give the student and the student's parent or guardians a chance to present the student's version of the relevant events. The informal meeting must be held within 48 hours of the student's removal. The timing of the informal meeting may be extended by mutual agreement of the parent or guardian and Principal.

The Principal or the Principal's designee may overturn the removal of the student from class if the Principal finds any one of the following:

1. The charges against the student are not supported by substantial evidence.
2. The student's removal is otherwise in violation of law, including the district's code of conduct.
3. The conduct warrants suspension from school pursuant to Education Law §3214 and a suspension will be imposed.

The Principal or his/her designee may overturn a removal at any point between receiving the referral form issued by the teacher and the close of business on the day following the 48-hour period for the informal conference, if a conference is requested. No student removed from the classroom by the classroom teacher will be permitted to return to the classroom until the Principal makes a final determination, or the period of removal expires, whichever is less.

Any disruptive student removed from the classroom by the classroom teacher shall be offered continued educational programming and activities until he or she is permitted to return to the classroom.

The educational programming will be provided by the teacher. This includes work for the student to complete which is related to the planned lessons for the day.

Removal of a student with a disability, under certain circumstances, may constitute a change in the student's placement. Accordingly, no teacher may remove a student with a disability from his or her class until he or she has verified with the Principal, and the Director of Special Services, that the removal will not violate the student's rights under state or federal law or regulation (Education Law 3214 subd. 3-a).

4. Suspension from School

Suspension from school is a severe penalty, which may be imposed only upon students who are insubordinate, disorderly, violent or disruptive, or whose conduct otherwise endangers the safety, morals, health or welfare of others.

The Board retains its authority to suspend students, but places primary responsibility for the suspension of students with the Superintendent and the Principals.

Any staff member may recommend to the Superintendent or the Principal that a student be suspended. All staff members must immediately report and refer a violent student to the Principal or the Superintendent for a violation of the code of conduct. All recommendations and referrals shall be made in writing unless the conditions underlying the recommendation or referral warrant immediate attention. In such cases a written report is to be prepared as soon as possible by the staff member recommending the suspension.

The Superintendent or Principal, upon receiving a recommendation or referral for suspension or when processing a case for suspension, shall gather the facts relevant to the matter and record them for subsequent presentation, if necessary.

a. Short term (1-5 days) Suspension from School

When the Superintendent or Principal (referred to as the "suspending authority") proposes to suspend a student charged with misconduct for five days or less pursuant to Education Law §3214(3), the suspending authority must immediately notify the student orally. If the student denies the misconduct, the suspending authority must provide an explanation of the basis for the proposed suspension. The suspending authority must also notify the student's parent or guardians in writing that the student may be suspended from school. The written notice must be provided by personal delivery, express mail delivery, or some other means that is reasonably calculated to assure receipt of the notice within 24 hours of the decision to propose suspension at the last known address for the parent or guardians. Where possible, notice should also be provided by telephone if the school has been provided with a telephone number(s) for the purpose of contacting the parent or guardians.

The notice shall provide a description of the charges against the student and the incident for which suspension is proposed and shall inform the parent or guardians of the right to request an immediate informal conference with the Principal. Both the notice and informal conference shall be in the dominant language or mode of communication used by the parent or guardians. The notice and opportunity for an informal conference shall take place before the student is suspended unless the student's presence in school poses a continuing danger to persons or property or an ongoing threat of disruption to the academic process. If the student's presence does pose such a danger or threat of disruption, the notice and opportunity for an informal conference shall take place as soon after the suspension as is reasonably practicable.

After the conference, the Principal shall promptly advise the parent or guardians in writing of his or her decision. The Principal shall advise the parent or guardians that if they are not satisfied with the decision and wish to pursue the matter, they must file a written appeal to the Superintendent within ten business days, unless they can show extraordinary circumstances precluding them from doing so. The Superintendent shall issue a written decision regarding the appeal within 10 business days of receiving the appeal. If the parent or guardians are not satisfied with the Superintendent's decision, they must file a written appeal to the Board of Education with the District Clerk within 10 business days of the date of the Superintendent's decision, unless they can show extraordinary circumstances precluding them from doing so. Only final decisions of the Board may be appealed to the Commissioner of Education within 30 days of the decision.

b. Long term (more than five days) Suspension from School

When the Superintendent or Principal determines that a suspension for more than five days may be warranted, he or she shall give reasonable notice to the student and the student's parent or guardians of their right to a fair hearing. At the hearing the student shall have the right to be represented by counsel, the right to question witnesses against him or her and the right to present witnesses and other evidence on his or her behalf.

The Superintendent shall personally hear and determine the proceeding or may, in his or her discretion, designate a hearing officer to conduct the hearing. The hearing officer shall be authorized to administer oaths and to issue subpoenas in conjunction with the proceeding before him or her. A record of the hearing shall be maintained, but no stenographic transcript shall be required. A tape recording shall be deemed a satisfactory record. The hearing officer shall make findings of fact and recommendations as to the appropriate measure of discipline to the Superintendent. The report of the hearing officer shall be advisory only, and the Superintendent may accept all or any part thereof.

Subsection 5300.35

An appeal of the decision of the Superintendent may be made to the Board that will make its decision based solely upon the record before it. All appeals to the Board must be in writing and submitted to the District Clerk within thirty business days of the date of the Superintendent's decision, unless the parent or guardians can show that extraordinary circumstances precluded them from doing so. The Board may adopt in whole or in part the decision of the Superintendent. Final decisions of the Board may be appealed to the Commissioner of Education within 30 days of the decision.

c. Permanent suspension

Permanent suspension is reserved for extraordinary circumstances such as where a student's conduct poses a life-threatening danger to the safety and well-being of other students, school personnel or any other person lawfully on school property or attending a school function.

C. Minimum Periods of Suspension

1. Students who bring to or possess a weapon in school

Any student, other than a student with a disability, found guilty of bringing or possessing a weapon on school property will be subject to suspension from school for at least one calendar year. Before being suspended, the student will have an opportunity for a hearing pursuant to Education Law §3214. The Superintendent has the authority to modify the one-year suspension on a case-by-case basis. In deciding whether to modify the penalty, the Superintendent may consider the following:

1. The student's age.
2. The student's grade in school.
3. The student's prior disciplinary record.
4. The Superintendent's belief that other forms of discipline may be more effective.
5. Input from parent or guardians, teachers and/or others.
6. Other extenuating circumstances.

A student with a disability may be suspended only in accordance with the requirements of state and federal law.

2. Students who commit violent acts other than bringing to or possessing a weapon in school

Any student, other than a student with a disability, who is found to have committed a violent act, other than bringing a weapon onto school property, shall be subject to suspension from school for at least five days. If the proposed penalty is the minimum five-day suspension, the student and the student's parent or guardian will be given the same notice and opportunity for an informal conference given to all students subject to a short-term suspension. If the proposed penalty exceeds the minimum five-day suspension, the student and the student's parent or guardian will be given the same notice and opportunity for a hearing given to all students subject to a long-term suspension. The Superintendent has the authority to modify the minimum five-day suspension on a case-by-case basis. In deciding whether to modify the penalty, the Superintendent may consider the same factors considered in modifying a one-year suspension for possessing a weapon.

3. Students who are repeatedly substantially disruptive of the educational process or repeatedly substantially interferes with the teacher's authority over the classroom

Any student, other than a student with a disability, who repeatedly is substantially disruptive of the educational process or substantially interferes with the teacher's authority over the classroom will be suspended from school for at least five days. For purposes of this code of conduct, "repeatedly is substantially disruptive" means engaging in conduct that results in the student being removed from the classroom by teacher(s) pursuant to Education Law § 3214 (3-a) and this code on four or more occasions during a semester. If the proposed penalty is the minimum five-day suspension, the student and the student's parent or guardian will be given the same notice and opportunity for an informal conference given to all students subject to a short-term suspension. If the proposed penalty exceeds the minimum five-day suspension, the student and the student's parent or guardian will be given the same notice and opportunity for a hearing given to all students subject to a long-term suspension. The Superintendent has the authority to modify the minimum five-day suspension on a case-by-case basis. In deciding whether to modify the penalty, the Superintendent may consider the same factors considered in modifying a one-year suspension for possessing a weapon.

D. Referrals

1. Counseling recommendations are usually made after consideration by building level Child Study Teams (CST), in consultation with the school psychologist and/or social worker.
2. PINS Petitions

The district may file a PINS (person in need of supervision) petition in Family Court on any student under the age of 18 who demonstrates that he or she requires supervision and treatment by:

- a. Being habitually truant and not attending school as required by part one of Article 65 of the Education Law.
 - b. Engaging in an ongoing or continual course of conduct which makes the student ungovernable or habitually disobedient and beyond the lawful control of the school.
 - c. Knowingly and unlawfully possesses marijuana in violation of Penal Law § 221.05. A single violation of § 221.05 will be a sufficient basis for filing a PINS petition.
3. Juvenile Delinquents and Juvenile Offenders

The Superintendent is required to refer the following students to the County Attorney for a juvenile delinquency proceeding before the Family Court:

- a. Any student under the age of 16 who is found to have brought a weapon to school, or
- b. Any student 14 or 15 years old who qualifies for juvenile offender status under the Criminal Procedure Law § 1.20 (42).

The Superintendent is required to refer students age 16 and older or any student 14 or 15 years old who qualifies for juvenile offender status to the appropriate law enforcement authorities.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

1st Reading for Re-Adoption: April 28, 2009

2nd Reading for Re-Adoption: May 26, 2009

**CODE OF CONDUCT
ALTERNATIVE INSTRUCTION**

When a student of any age is removed from class by a teacher or a student of compulsory attendance age is suspended from school pursuant to Education Law §3214, the district will take immediate steps to provide alternative means of instruction for the student.

Continued Educational programming is recommended according to the following:

1. Removal – The educational programming will be provided by the teacher. This includes work for the student to complete which is related to the planned lessons of the day.
2. Suspension – Home tutoring is provided according to state guidelines, and every effort is made to begin the home instruction as soon as reasonably practical.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

CODE OF CONDUCT
DISCIPLINE OF STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES

The Board recognizes that it may be necessary to suspend, remove or otherwise discipline students with disabilities to address disruptive or problem behavior. The Board also recognizes that students with disabilities enjoy certain procedural protections whenever school authorities intend to impose discipline upon them. The Board is committed to ensuring that the procedures followed for suspending, removing or otherwise disciplining students with disabilities are consistent with the procedural safeguards required by applicable laws and regulations.

This code of conduct affords students with disabilities subject to disciplinary action no greater or lesser rights than those expressly afforded by applicable federal and state law and regulations.

A. Authorized Suspensions or Removals of Students with Disabilities

1. For purposes of this section of the code of conduct, the following definitions apply.

A "suspension" means a suspension pursuant to Education Law § 3214.

A "removal" means a removal for disciplinary reasons from the student's current educational placement other than a suspension and change in placement to an interim alternative educational setting (IAES) ordered by an impartial hearing officer because the student poses a risk of harm to himself/herself or others.

An "IAES" means a temporary educational placement for a period of up to 45 days, other than the student's current placement at the time the behavior precipitating the IAES placement occurred, that enables the student to continue to progress in the general curriculum, although in another setting, to continue to receive those services and modifications, including those described on the student's current individualized education program (IEP), that will enable the student to meet the goals set out in such IEP, and include services and modifications to address the behavior which precipitated the IAES placement that are designed to prevent the behavior from recurring.

2. School personnel may order the suspension or removal of a student with a disability from his or her current educational placement as follows:

- a. The Board, the district (BOCES) Superintendent of Schools or a Principal may order the placement of a student with a disability into an IAES, another setting or suspension for a period not to exceed five consecutive school days and not to exceed the amount of time a non-disabled student would be subject to suspension for the same behavior.
- b. The Superintendent may order the placement of a student with a disability into an IAES, another setting or suspension for up to 10 consecutive school days, inclusive of any period in which the student has been suspended or removed under subparagraph (a) above for the same behavior, if the Superintendent determines that the student has engaged in behavior that warrants a suspension and the suspension or removal does not exceed the amount of time non-disabled students would be subject to suspension for the same behavior.
- c. The Superintendent may order additional suspensions of not more than 10 consecutive school days in the same school year for separate incidents of misconduct, as long as those removals do not constitute a change of placement.
- d. The Superintendent may order the placement of a student with a disability in an IAES to be determined by the committee on special education (CSE), for the same amount of time that a student without a disability would be subject to discipline, but not more than 45 days, if the student carries or possesses a weapon to school or to a school function, or the student knowingly possesses or uses illegal drugs or sells or solicits the sale of a controlled substance while at school or a school function.

- (1) "Weapon" means the same as "dangerous weapon" under 18 U.S.C. § 930(g)(w) which includes "a weapon, device, instrument, material or substance, animate or inanimate, that is used for, or is readily capable of causing death or serious bodily injury."
 - (2) "Controlled substance" means a drug or other substance identified in certain provisions of the federal Controlled Substances Act specified in both federal and state law and regulations applicable to this policy.
 - (3) "Illegal drugs" means a controlled substance except for those legally possessed or used under the supervision of a licensed health-care professional or that is legally possessed or used under any other authority under the Controlled Substances Act or any other federal law.
3. Subject to specified conditions required by both federal and state law and regulations, an impartial hearing officer may order the placement of a student with a disability in an IAES setting for up to 45 days at a time, if maintaining the student in his or her current educational placement poses a risk of harm to the student or others.

B. Change of Placement Rule

1. A disciplinary change in placement means a suspension or removal from a student's current educational placement that is either:
 - a. for more than 10 consecutive school days; or
 - b. for a period of 10 consecutive school days or less if the student is subjected to a series of suspensions or removals that constitute a pattern because they cumulate to more than 10 school days in a school year and because of such factors as the length of each suspension or removal, the total amount of time the student is removed and the proximity of the suspensions or removals to one another.
2. School personnel may not suspend or remove a student with disabilities if imposition of the suspension or removal would result in a disciplinary change in placement based on a pattern of suspension or removal.

However, the district may impose a suspension or removal, which would otherwise result in a disciplinary change in placement, based on a pattern of suspensions or removals if the CSE has determined that the behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability, or the student is placed in an IAES for behavior involving weapons, illegal drugs or controlled substances.

C. Special Rules Regarding the Suspension or Removal of Students with Disabilities

1. The district's Committee on Special Education shall:
 - a. Conduct functional behavioral assessments to determine why a student engages in a particular behavior, and develop or review behavioral intervention plans whenever the district is first suspending or removing a student with a disability for more than 10 school days in a school year or imposing a suspension or removal that constitutes a disciplinary change in placement, including a change in placement to an IAES for misconduct involving weapons, illegal drugs or controlled substances.

If subsequently, a student with a disability who has a behavioral intervention plan and who has been suspended or removed from his or her current educational placement for more than 10 school days in a school year is subjected to a suspension or removal that does not constitute a disciplinary change in placement, the members of the CSE shall review the behavioral intervention plan and its implementation to determine if modifications are necessary.

If one or more members of the CSE believe that modifications are needed, the school district shall convene a meeting of the CSE to modify such plan and its implementation, to the extent the committee determines necessary.

- b. Conduct a manifestation determination review of the relationship between the student's disability and the behavior subject to disciplinary action whenever a decision is made to place a student in an IAES either for misconduct involving weapons, illegal drugs or controlled substances or because maintaining the student in his current educational setting poses a risk of harm to the student or others; or a decision is made to impose a suspension that constitutes a disciplinary change in placement.
- 2. The parent or guardians of a student who is facing disciplinary action, but who has not been determined to be eligible for services under IDEA and Article 89 at the time of misconduct, shall have the right to invoke applicable procedural safeguards set forth in federal and state law and regulations if, in accordance with federal and state statutory and regulatory criteria, the school district is deemed to have had knowledge that their child was a student with a disability before the behavior precipitating disciplinary action occurred. If the district is deemed to have had such knowledge, the student will be considered a student presumed to have a disability for discipline purposes.
 - a. The Superintendent, Principal or other school official imposing a suspension or removal shall be responsible for determining whether the student is a student presumed to have a disability.
 - b. A student will not be considered a student presumed to have a disability for discipline purposes if, upon receipt of information supporting a claim that the district had knowledge the student was a student with a disability, the district either:
 - (1) conducted an individual evaluation and determined that the student is not a student with a disability, or
 - (2) determined that an evaluation was not necessary and provided notice to the parent or guardians of such determination, in the manner required by applicable law and regulations.

If there is no basis for knowledge that the student is a student with a disability prior to taking disciplinary measures against the student, the student may be subjected to the same disciplinary measures as any other non-disabled student who engaged in comparable behaviors.

However, if a request for an individual evaluation is made while such non-disabled student is subjected to a disciplinary removal, an expedited evaluation shall be conducted and completed in the manner prescribed by applicable federal and state law and regulations. Until the expedited evaluation is completed, the non-disabled student who is not a student presumed to have a disability for discipline purposes shall remain in the educational placement determined by the district, which can include suspension.

- 3. The district shall provide parent or guardians with notice of disciplinary removal no later than the date on which a decision is made to change the placement of a student with a disability to an IAES for either misconduct involving weapons, illegal drugs or controlled substances or because maintaining the student in his/her current educational setting poses a risk of harm to the student or others; or a decision is made to impose a suspension or removal that constitutes a disciplinary change in placement. The procedural safeguards notice prescribed by the Commissioner shall accompany the notice of disciplinary removal.
- 4. The parent or guardians of a student with disabilities subject to a suspension of five consecutive school days or less shall be provided with the same opportunity for an informal conference available to parent or guardians of non-disabled students under the Education Law.
- 5. Superintendent hearings on disciplinary charges against students with disabilities subject to a suspension of more than five school days shall be bifurcated into a guilt phase and a penalty phase in accordance with the procedures set forth in the Commissioner's regulations incorporated into this code.

6. The removal of a student with disabilities other than a suspension or placement in an IAES shall be conducted in accordance with the due process procedures applicable to such removals of non-disabled students, except that school personnel may not impose such removal for more than 10 consecutive days or for a period that would result in a disciplinary change in placement, unless the CSE has determined that the behavior is not a manifestation of the student's disability.
7. During any period of suspension or removal, including placement in an IAES, students with disabilities shall be provided services as required by the Commissioner's regulations incorporated into this code.

D. Expedited Due Process Hearings

1. An expedited due process hearing shall be conducted in the manner specified by the Commissioner's regulations incorporated into this code, if:
 - a. The district requests such a hearing to obtain an order of an impartial hearing officer placing a student with a disability in an IAES where school personnel maintain that it is dangerous for the student to be in his or her current educational placement, or during the pendency of due process hearings where school personnel maintain that it is dangerous for the student to be in his or her current educational placement during such proceedings.
 - b. The parent or guardian requests such a hearing from a determination that the student's behavior was not a manifestation of the student's disability, or relating to any decision regarding placement, including but are not limited to any decision to place the student in an IAES.
 - (1) During the pendency of an expedited due process hearing or appeal regarding the placement of a student in an IAES for behavior involving weapons, illegal drugs or controlled substances, or on grounds of dangerousness, or regarding a determination that the behavior is not a manifestation of the student's disability for a student who has been placed in an IAES, the student shall remain in the IAES pending the decision of the impartial hearing officer or until expiration of the IAES placement, whichever occurs first, unless the parent or guardians and the district agree otherwise.
 - (2) If school personnel propose to change the student's placement after expiration of an IAES placement, during the pendency of any proceeding to challenge the proposed change in placement, the student shall remain in the placement prior to removal to the IAES, except where the student is again placed in an IAES.
2. An expedited due process hearing shall be completed within 15 business days of receipt of the request for a hearing. Although the impartial hearing officer may grant specific extensions of such time period, he or she must mail a written decision to the district and the parent or guardians within five business days after the last hearing date, and in no event later than 45 calendar days after receipt of the request for a hearing, without exceptions or extensions.

E. Referral to law enforcement and judicial authorities

In accordance with the provisions of IDEA and its implementing regulations:

1. The district may report a crime committed by a child with a disability to appropriate authorities, and such action will not constitute a change of the student's placement.
2. The Superintendent shall ensure that copies of the special education and disciplinary records of a student with disabilities are transmitted for consideration to the appropriate authorities to whom a crime is reported.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

**CODE OF CONDUCT
SEARCHES**

The Board of Education is committed to ensuring an atmosphere on school property and at school functions that is safe and orderly. To achieve this kind of environment, any school official authorized to impose a disciplinary penalty on a student may question a student about an alleged violation of law or the district code of conduct. Students are not entitled to any sort of "Miranda"-type warning before being questioned by school officials, nor are school officials required to contact a student's parent or guardian before questioning the student. However, school officials will tell all students why they are being questioned.

Student lockers, desks and other such spaces at school are the property of the school district, and students should have no expectation of privacy with respect to these areas and school officials retain complete control over them.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

**CODE OF CONDUCT
VISITORS TO THE SCHOOLS**

The Board encourages parent or guardians and other district citizens to visit the district's schools and classrooms to observe the work of students, teachers and other staff. Since schools are a place of work and learning, however, certain limits must be set for such visits. The Principal or his or her designee is responsible for all persons in the building and on the grounds. For these reasons, the following rules apply to visitors to the schools:

1. Anyone who is not a regular staff member or student of the school will be considered a visitor.
2. All visitors to the school must report to the Courtesy Desk outside the main office upon arrival at the school. There they will be required to sign the visitor's register and will be issued a visitor's identification badge, which must be worn at all times while in the school or on school grounds. The visitor must return the identification badge to the Courtesy Desk before leaving the building.
3. Visitors attending school functions that are open to the public, such as parent or guardian-teacher organization meetings or public gatherings, are not required to register.
4. Teachers are expected not to take class time to discuss individual matters with visitors.
5. Any unauthorized person on school property will be reported to the Principal or his or her designee. Unauthorized persons will be asked to leave. The police may be called if the situation warrants.
6. All visitors are expected to abide by the rules for public conduct on school property contained in this code of conduct.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

**CODE OF CONDUCT
PUBLIC CONDUCT ON SCHOOL PROPERTY**

The district is committed to providing an orderly, respectful environment that is conducive to learning. To create and maintain this kind of an environment, it is necessary to regulate public conduct on school property and at school functions. For purposes of this section of the code, “public” shall mean all persons when on school property or attending a school function including students, teachers and district personnel.

The restrictions on public conduct on school property and at school functions contained in this code are not intended to limit freedom of speech or peaceful assembly. The district recognizes that free inquiry and free expression are indispensable to the objectives of the district. The purpose of this code is to maintain public order and prevent abuse of the rights of others.

All persons on school property or attending a school function shall conduct themselves in a respectful and orderly manner. In addition, all persons on school property or attending a school function are expected to be properly attired for the purpose they are on school property.

A. Prohibited Conduct

No person, either alone or with others, shall:

1. Intentionally injure any person or threaten to do so.
2. Intentionally damage or destroy school district property or the personal property of a teacher, administrator, other district employee or any person lawfully on school property, including graffiti or arson.
3. Disrupt the orderly conduct of classes, school programs or other school activities.
4. Distribute or wear materials on school grounds or at school functions that are obscene, advocate illegal action, appear libelous, obstruct the rights of others, or are disruptive to the school program.
5. Intimidate, harass or discriminate against any person on the basis of race, color, creed, national origin, religion, age, gender, sexual orientation or disability.
6. Enter any portion of the school premises without authorization or remain in any building or facility after it is normally closed.
7. Obstruct the free movement of any person in any place to which this code applies.
8. Violate the traffic laws, parking regulations or other restrictions on vehicles.
9. Possess, consume, sell, distribute or exchange alcoholic beverages, controlled substances, or be under the influence of either on school property or at a school function.
10. Possess or use weapons in or on school property or at a school function, except in the case of law enforcement officers or except as specifically authorized by the school district.
11. Loiter on or about school property.
12. Gamble on school property or at school functions.
13. Refuse to comply with any reasonable order of identifiable school district officials performing their duties.
14. Willfully incite others to commit any of the acts prohibited by this code.
15. Violate any federal or state statute, local ordinance or Board policy while on school property or while at a school function.

B. Penalties

Persons who violate this code shall be subject to the following penalties:

1. Visitors. Their authorization, if any, to remain on school grounds or at the school function shall be withdrawn and they shall be directed to leave the premises. If they refuse to leave, they shall be subject to ejection. If necessary, the police will be called to assist in the removal of said individual from school property.
2. Students. They shall be subject to disciplinary action as the facts may warrant, in accordance with the due process requirements.

3. Tenured faculty members. They shall be subject to disciplinary action as the facts may warrant in accordance with Education Law § 3020-and or any other legal rights that they may have.
4. Staff members in the classified service of the civil service entitled to the protection of Civil Service Law § 75. They shall be subject to immediate ejection and to disciplinary action as the facts may warrant in accordance with Civil Service Law § 75 or any other legal rights that they may have.
5. Staff members other than those described in subdivisions 4 and 5. They shall be subject to warning, reprimand, suspension or dismissal as the facts may warrant in accordance with any legal rights they may have.

C. Enforcement

The Principal or his/her designee shall be responsible for enforcing the conduct required by this code.

When the Principal or his or her designee sees an individual engaged in prohibited conduct, which in his or her judgment does not pose any immediate threat of injury to persons or property, the Principal or designee shall tell the individual that the conduct is prohibited and attempt to persuade the individual to stop. The Principal or designee shall also warn the individual of the consequences for failing to stop. If the person refuses to stop engaging in the prohibited conduct, or if the person's conduct poses an immediate threat of injury to persons or property, the Principal or designee shall have the individual removed immediately from school property or the school function. If necessary, local law enforcement authorities will be contacted to assist in removing the person.

The district shall initiate disciplinary action against any student or staff member, as appropriate, with the "Penalties" section above. In addition, the district reserves its right to pursue a civil or criminal legal action against any person violating the code.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

**CODE OF CONDUCT
DISSEMINATION AND REVIEW**

A. Dissemination of Code of Conduct

The Board will work to ensure that the community is aware of this code of conduct by:

1. Providing copies of a summary of the code to all students at a general assembly held at the beginning of each school year.
2. Making copies of the code available to all parent or guardians at the beginning of the school year.
3. Mailing a summary of the code of conduct written in plain language to all parent or guardians of district students before the beginning of the school year and making this summary available later upon request.
4. Providing all current teachers and other staff members with a copy of the code and a copy of any amendments to the code as soon as practicable after adoption.
5. Providing all new employees with a copy of the current code of conduct when they are first hired.
6. Making copies of the code available for review by students, parent or guardians and other community members.

The Board will sponsor an in-service education program for all district staff members to ensure the effective implementation of the code of conduct. The Superintendent may solicit the recommendations of the district staff, particularly teachers and administrators, regarding in-service programs pertaining to the management and discipline of students.

B. Review of Code of Conduct

The Board will review this code of conduct every year and update it as necessary. In conducting the review, the Board will consider how effective the code's provisions have been and whether the code has been applied fairly and consistently.

Before adopting any revisions to the code, the Board will hold at least one public hearing at which school personnel, parent or guardians, students and any other interested party may participate.

The code of conduct and any amendments to it will be filed with the Commissioner of Education no later than 30 days after adoption.

1st Reading May 23, 2001

2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2001

ATTENDANCE POLICY

ATTENDANCE POLICY

The Board of Education recognizes that regular school attendance is a major component of academic success. Through implementation of this policy, the Board expects to reduce unexcused absences, tardiness, and early departures and encourage full attendance by all students, maintain an attendance record keeping system, identify patterns of student absences, tardiness and early departures and develop effective intervention strategies to improve school attendance.

Notice

To be successful in this endeavor, it is imperative that all members of the school community are aware of this policy, its purpose, procedures and the consequences of non-compliance. To ensure that students, parents, teachers and administrators are notified of and understand this policy, the following procedures shall be implemented.

- The attendance policy will be included in student handbooks and will be reviewed with students at the start of the school year.
- Parents will receive a plain language summary of this policy in the Parent Handbook distributed at the beginning of each school year.
- When a student is absent, tardy, or leaves early from class or school without excuse, designated staff member(s) will notify the student's parent(s), by phone and mail, of the specific absences, tardiness and early departures, remind them of the attendance policy, and review absences, tardiness and early departures intervention procedures with them.
- The district will provide a copy of the attendance policy and any amendments thereto to faculty and staff in the Employee's Handbook. New staff will receive a copy upon their employment.

All faculty and staff will meet at the beginning of each school year to review the attendance policy to clarify individual roles in its implementation.

- Copies of this policy will also be made available to any community member, upon request.

Excused and Unexcused Absences

Excused absences, tardiness and early departures are defined as absences, tardiness, and early departures from class or school due to personal illness, illness or death in the family, impassable roads or weather, religious observance, quarantine, required court appearances, doctor appointments, or such other reasons as may be approved.

All other absences, tardiness and early departures are considered unexcused absences.

All absences, tardiness and early departures must be accounted for. It is the parent's responsibility to notify the school office on the morning of the absence, tardiness or early departure and to provide a written excuse upon the student's return to school.

General Procedures/Data Collection

Effective beginning with the 2003-2004 school year, every building principal, along with the designated individuals in charge of reviewing pupil attendance pursuant to §104.1(i)(2)(ix) of the Commissioner's Regulations, shall review pupil attendance records for the purpose of initiating appropriate action to address unexcused pupil absence, tardiness and early departure.

Effective beginning with the 2002-03 school year:

1. Attendance will be taken at the start of each school day.
2. By the conclusion of each school day, all attendance information shall be compiled and provided to the designated staff member(s) responsible for attendance.
3. The nature of an absence, tardiness and early departure shall be coded on a student's record. The coding system is consistent with regulations and based on a computerized student management system.
4. For students at any instructional level who arrive late for or depart early from scheduled instruction, tardiness or early departure shall be recorded as excused or unexcused in accordance with the individual district's comprehensive attendance policy.
5. Student absences, tardiness and early departures data shall be available to and should be reviewed by the designated school personnel in an expeditious manner.
6. Where additional information is received that requires corrections to be made to a student's attendance records, such correction will be made immediately. Notice of such a change will be sent to appropriate school personnel subject to applicable confidentiality rules.
7. Attendance data will be analyzed periodically to identify patterns or trends in student absences.
8. Students in the hallways who are absent from a class without excuse shall be referred to the Building Principal's office.
9. Continuous monitoring will be conducted to identify students who are absent, tardy, or leave class or school early.

Register of Attendance

"Register of attendance" is defined as any written or electronic record maintained for the purpose of recording the attendance, absence, tardiness or early departure of a student.

In addition to the child's name, date of birth, full names of parent(s) or person(s) in parental relation, and address where the pupil resides, the register of attendance must now include the following:

1. Phone number(s) where the parent(s) in parental relation may be contacted;
2. Date of the student's enrollment;
3. A record of the student's attendance on each day of scheduled instruction;
4. A record of each scheduled day of instruction during which the school is closed for all or part of the day because of extraordinary circumstances including adverse weather conditions, impairment of heating facilities, insufficiency of water supply, shortage of fuel, destruction of or damage to a school building, or such other cause as may be found satisfactory to the Commissioner; and
5. The date when pupil withdraws from enrollment or is dropped from enrollment in the school.

Attendance Incentives

The District will plan and implement systems to acknowledge a student's efforts to maintain or improve school attendance. For example, students with perfect attendance shall be identified and recognized with a certificate for their achievement.

Disciplinary Consequences

Unexcused absences, tardiness and/or early departures will result in disciplinary action consistent with the District's Code of Conduct. Penalties may include denying students the privilege of participating in or attending extracurricular events.

Designed staff member(s) will notify the student's parents promptly of their child's unexcused absence, tardiness and/or early departure. At the discretion of the principal, the school social worker or other appropriate personnel may also be notified. Such staff member(s) shall remind parents of the attendance policy, explain the ramifications of unexcused absences, tardiness and early departures, stress the importance of class attendance and discuss appropriate intervention strategies.

Attendance/Grade Policy

The Board of Education recognizes an important relationship between class attendance and student performance. Consequently, each marking period a student's final grade may be based on classroom participation as well as student's performance on homework, tests, papers, projects, etc.

Students are expected to attend all scheduled classes. Consistent with the importance of classroom participation, unexcused absences, tardiness and early departures will affect a student's class participation grade for the marking period.

In implementing the policy set forth above, students who are unable to attend school or a class on a given day due to their participation in a school-sponsored activity (i.e., music lessons, field trips), may arrange with their teachers to make up any work missed. This also applies to any student who is absent, tardy or leaves early from school or a class due to illness or any other excused reason.

All students with an excused absence, tardiness and/or early departure are expected upon their return to consult with their teacher(s) regarding missed work.

Students with excused absences, tardiness and early departures will be given the opportunity to make up a test or other missed work and/or turn in a late assignment for inclusion in their final grade. Make up opportunities must be completed by a date specified by the student's teacher.

Students with unexcused absences, tardiness and early departures will be given the opportunity to make up a test or other missed work and assignments, at the direction of the principal.

Annual Review

The Board shall annually review building-level student attendance records and, if such records show a decline in student attendance, the Board shall revise this comprehensive attendance policy and make any revisions to the plan it deems necessary to improve student attendance.

Ref: Education Law §§1709; 3024; 3025; 3202; 3205-3213; 3225
8 NYCRR §§104.1; 175.6

1st Reading & Adoption June 24, 2002

**COMPUTER NETWORK
AND INTERNET
ACCEPTABLE
USE POLICY**

COMPUTER NETWORK AND INTERNET ACCEPTABLE USE POLICY

The Board of Education will actively pursue making advanced technology and increased access to learning opportunities available to district students and staff. In accordance with federal law, Internet access in our schools will be mediated through the use of blocking and/or filtering software. Internet access will allow district students and staff to access and use information available on distant computers, communicate and share information with individuals or groups of other students and staff, and significantly expand the users' knowledge base.

Students and staff must understand and practice proper and ethical use. The following are conditions and rules for use:

A. Acceptable Use

1. Effective September 1, 2011, all district computer network users will be required to acknowledge that they have received and reviewed this policy upon logging on to the computer network.
2. Internet use facilitates communication in support of research and education by providing access to unique resources and the opportunity for collaborative work. In order to remain eligible as a user, all Internet access should support the educational objectives of the District.
3. Transmission of any material in violation of any United States or state regulation is prohibited. This includes, but is not limited to, copyrighted material, threatening or obscene material, or material protected by trade secret. Use for commercial activities by students is not acceptable. Use for product advertisement or political lobbying is also prohibited.

B. Privilege

Use of and access to the Internet is a privilege, not a right. Inappropriate use, including any violation of these conditions and rules, may result in cancellation of the privilege. The Board has the authority to determine appropriate use and may deny, revoke, suspend or close any user account at any time based upon its determination of inappropriate use by any user. Each student who receives an account will be responsible for that account and its usage. Therefore, under no circumstances should an account be shared with anyone other than the Instructional Technology Specialist. Each student will also be required to attend an orientation session with a district faculty member pertaining to the proper use of the network.

C. Monitoring

All users, staff and students alike, have no right to privacy or confidentiality when using the District's computer network and equipment. The District reserves the right to examine and archive all electronic correspondence, e-mail and records of internet activity for network management, compliance and/or records retention purposes. All e-mail and other electronically stored information may be subject to records retention requirements and/or disclosure, in accordance with applicable laws or as part of discovery proceedings in legal actions.

D. No Warranties

The Board makes no warranties of any kind, whether express or implied, for the service it is providing. The Board and district staff will not be responsible for any damages a user suffers. This includes loss of data resulting from delays, no-deliveries, mis-deliveries, or service interruptions caused by the district's negligence or by the user's errors or omissions. Use of any information obtained via the Internet is at the user's own risk. The Board specifically denies any responsibility for the accuracy or quality of information obtained through its services. All users need to consider the source of any information they obtain, and consider how valid that information may be.

E. Security

Security on any computer system is a high priority, especially when the system involves many users. Attempts to log-on to the Internet in the name of another individual will result in cancellation of user privileges. Any user identified as a security risk or having a history of problems with other computer systems may be denied access to the Internet.

- F. The Superintendent of Schools or his/her designee shall establish regulations governing the use and security of the District's computer network, and shall establish implementing procedures to enforce the regulations. The procedures shall provide for the safety and security of students using electronic correspondence such as e-mail, chat rooms and instant messages (IMs); monitoring the online activities of students using the District's computers and equipment; and restricting student access to materials that are harmful to minors. All users of the District's computer network and equipment shall comply with this policy, its regulations and implementing procedures. Failure to comply may result in disciplinary action; suspension and/or revocation of computer access privileges; and potential legal action.

1st Reading May 28, 2002

2nd Reading and Adoption March 24, 2009 June 24, 2002

1st Reading February 24, 2009

2nd Reading and Adoption March 24, 2009

1st Reading July 5, 2011

2nd Reading and Adoption August 16, 2011

COMPUTER NETWORK AND INTERNET ACCEPTABLE USE REGULATION

A. Internet Etiquette

All users are expected to abide by the generally accepted rules of network etiquette. These include, but are not limited to, the following:

1. Be polite. Do not be abusive in your messages to others.
2. Use appropriate language. Do not swear, use vulgarities or any other inappropriate language. Do not engage in activities which are prohibited under state or federal law.
3. Do not reveal your personal contact information as well as the address and telephone numbers of other students or colleagues.
4. Note that electronic mail (e-mail) is not guaranteed to be private. People who operate the system do have access to all mail. Messages relating to or in support of illegal activities will be reported to the authorities and may result in the loss of user privileges.
5. Do not use the network in such a way that you would disrupt the use of the network by other users.
6. All communications and information accessible via the network should be assumed to be public property.

B. Prohibited Activity

Prohibited activities concerning use of the District's computer network include, but are not limited to, the following examples:

- Copying, installing, receiving, transmitting or making available any copyrighted software or material on the district computer network.
- Using the network to receive, transmit or make available to others any sexually explicit or obscene material.
- Using the network to receive, transmit or make available to others messages that are racist, sexist, hateful, threatening, offensive, bigoted, abusive or harassing to others.
- Transmitting any other material in violation of any federal, state and/or local law or regulation.
- Using another user's account or password.
- Attempting to read, delete, copy or modify the e-mail of other system users.
- Deliberately interfering with the ability of other systems users to send, receive or save e-mail.
- Forging or attempting to forge e-mail messages.
- Deleting or attempting to delete e-mail messages that the law requires districts to retain as district records.
- Engaging in vandalism. Vandalism is defined as any malicious attempt to harm or destroy district equipment or materials, data or another user of the District's network or of any of the entities or other networks that are connected to the Internet. This includes, but is not limited to, creating and/or intentionally permitting a computer virus to enter the network.
- Using the network to send anonymous messages or files.
- Using the network to receive, transmit or make available to others a message that is inconsistent with the District's Code of Conduct.
- Revealing the personal address, telephone number or other personal information of oneself or another person.
- Using the network for sending and/or receiving personal electronic correspondence, including e-mail or instant messages (IMs).
- Intentionally disrupting network traffic or crashing the network and connected systems.
- Installing personal software or using personal disks on the District's computers and/or network without the permission of the appropriate district official or employee.
- Using district computing resources for commercial activity, advertising, financial gain, fraud or political lobbying.
- Stealing data, equipment or intellectual property.
- Gaining or seeking to gain unauthorized access to any files, resources, or computer or phone systems, via hacking or any other unauthorized methods.
- Wastefully using finite district resources.
- Using the network while access privileges are suspended or revoked.

- Using the network in a fashion inconsistent with directions from teachers and/or other staff and generally accepted network etiquette.

C. Procedures for Use

Student users must always get permission from their instructors before using the Internet and follow written and oral instructions from their instructors.

D. Encounters with Controversial Material

Users may encounter material which is deemed controversial in nature and which users, parents, teachers or administrators may consider inappropriate or offensive. The district has installed protective filtering software to prevent access to vulgar, obscene and inappropriate material. However, on a global network it is impossible to ensure that such content will not be encountered and an industrious user may discover controversial material. It is the users' responsibility not to initiate access to such material. Further, it is the responsibility of users to notify teachers if and when such material is encountered so that further preventive steps can be taken to make such material inaccessible.

E. Parental Approval

The Building Principal is responsible for receiving signed parental approval form before students may access the Internet. Parental approval stays in effect while student is enrolled in the district or until the parent withdraws permission in writing.

F. Penalties for Improper Use

All users of the District's computer network and equipment are required to comply with the District's policy and regulations governing the District's computer network. Failure to comply with the policy or regulation may result in disciplinary action, including verbal or written warnings; suspension or revocation of a user's access to the network; detention; and/or expulsion from school. In addition, violations may result in civil and/or criminal liability beyond the District's own disciplinary measures. Any information pertaining to or implicating illegal activity will be reported to the proper authorities for appropriate legal action. All network users should be aware that misuse of the District's computer network may lead to liability for, among other things, harassment, trespass, defamation and copyright infringement.

G. District Records

E-mail and other electronically stored information that are created in the course of school district business and retained as evidence of official policies, decisions or actions are district records, subject to the records management and retention requirements under the Local Government Records Law, (e.g., Records Retention and Disposition Schedule, "Ed-1"), and subject to disclosure pursuant to the Freedom of Information Law (FOIL) unless they fall within a statutory exception. Examples of district records contained in electronically stored information include:

- Policies and directives;
- Correspondence or memoranda related to school district business;
- Work schedules and assignments;
- Agendas and minutes of meetings;
- Non-final drafts of documents that are circulated for comment or approval;
- Documents that initiate, authorize or complete a business transaction; and
- Final reports or recommendations.

By contrast, examples of e-mail and other electronically stored information that are not district records include:

- Extra copies of documents;
- Personal messages or telephone message notifications;
- Social event announcements; and
- Copies or summaries of documents distributed for convenience or reference.

H. Electronic Information Used by School Board Members

The Board discourages its members from using any electronic communications to deliberate in their capacities as board members. In addition, Board members must not engage in any series of electronic communications that results in a collective decision, (such as a vote taken by e-mail.)

Nonetheless, the Board recognizes that any electronic correspondence by and between school board members and/or administrators that is used to communicate with each other in their capacities as board members or administrators are district records; shall receive the same diligent record-keeping treatment as all other district records; and may be subject to disclosure.

I. Electronic Record-Keeping Information Used by School Board Members

All school personnel and board members are expected to file and retain any e-mail or electronically stored information that is a district record under the definition set forth above. After so filing, users shall dispose of superfluous copies of e-mail and other electronically stored information in a timely manner.

All school personnel and board members are expected to regard any e-mail or electronic record containing any information that is personally identifiable to any student as a confidential student record in accordance with the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA).

All school personnel and board members are expected to regard any e-mail or electronically stored information that constitutes a public record as subject to disclosure under FOIL unless they fall within a statutory exception.

1st Reading May 28, 2002 2nd Reading & Adoption June 24, 2002

1st Reading for Re-Adoption: February 24, 2009

2nd Reading & Re-Adoption: March 24, 2009

INTERNET SAFETY

POLICY

INTERNET SAFETY POLICY

The Board of Education is committed to undertaking efforts that serve to make safe for children the use of district computers for access to the Internet and World Wide Web. To this end, although unable to guarantee that any selected filtering and blocking technology will work perfectly, the Board directs the Superintendent of Schools to procure and implement the use of technology protection measures that block or filter Internet access by:

- adults to visual depictions that are obscene or child pornography, and
- minors to visual depictions that are obscene, child pornography, or harmful to minors, as defined in the Children's Internet Protection Act.

Subject to staff supervision, however, any such measures may be disabled or relaxed for adults conducting bona fide research or other lawful purposes, in accordance with criteria established by the Superintendent or his or her designee.

The Superintendent or his or her designee also shall develop and implement procedures that provide for the safety and security of students using electronic mail, chat rooms, and other forms of direct electronic communications; monitoring the online activities of students using district computers; and restricting student access to materials that are harmful to minors.

In addition, the Board prohibits the unauthorized disclosure, use and dissemination of personal information regarding students; unauthorized online access by students, including hacking and other unlawful activities; and access by students to inappropriate matter on the Internet and World Wide Web. The Superintendent or his or her designee shall establish and implement procedures that enforce these restrictions.

The Instructional Technology Specialist designated under the district's Computer Network or Acceptable Use Policy, shall monitor and examine all district computer network activities to ensure compliance with this policy and accompanying regulation. He or she also shall be responsible for ensuring that staff and students receive training on their requirements.

All users of the district's computer network, including access to the Internet and World Wide Web, must understand that use is a privilege, not a right, and that any such use entails responsibility. They must comply with the requirements of this policy and accompanying regulation, in addition to generally accepted rules of network etiquette, and the district's Acceptable Use Policy. Failure to comply may result in disciplinary action including, but not limited to, the revocation of computer access privileges.

1st Reading May 28, 2002

2nd Reading & Adoption June 24, 2002

1st Reading for Re-Adoption February 24, 2009

2nd Reading for Re-Adoption March 24, 2009

INTERNET SAFETY POLICY REGULATION

The following rules and regulations implement the Internet Safety Policy adopted by the Board of Education to make safe for children the use of district computers for access to the Internet and World Wide Web.

I. *Definitions*

In accordance with the Children's Internet Protection Act,

- *Child pornography* refers to any visual depiction, including any photograph, film, video, picture or computer or computer generated image or picture, whether made or produced by electronic, mechanical, or other means, of sexually explicit conduct, where the production of such visual depiction involves the use of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct. It also includes any such visual depiction that (a) is, or appears to be, of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct; or (b) has been created, adapted or modified to appear that an identifiable minor is engaging in sexually explicit conduct; or (c) is advertised, promoted, presented, described, or distributed in such a manner than conveys the impression that the material is or contains a visual depiction of a minor engaging in sexually explicit conduct.
- *Harmful to minors* means any picture, image, graphic image file, or other visual depiction that (a) taken as a whole and with respect to minors, appeals to a prurient interest in nudity, sex, or excretion; (b) depicts, describes or represents, in a patently offensive way with respect to what is suitable for minors, an actual or simulated sexual act or sexual contact, actual or simulated normal or perverted sexual acts, or a lewd exhibition of the genitals; and (c) taken as a whole, lacks serious literary, artistic, political, or scientific value as to minors.

II. *Blocking and Filtering Measures*

- The Superintendent or his or her designee shall secure information about, and ensure the purchase or provision of, a technology protection measure that blocks access from all district computers to visual depictions on the Internet and World Wide Web that are obscene, child pornography or harmful to minors.
- The district's computer network coordinator shall be responsible for ensuring the installation and proper use of any Internet blocking and filtering technology protection measure obtained by the district.
- The computer network coordinator or his or her designee may disable or relax the district's Internet blocking and filtering technology measure only for adult staff members conducting research related to the discharge of their official responsibilities.
- The computer network coordinator shall monitor the online activities of adult staff members for whom the blocking and filtering technology measure has been disabled or relaxed to ensure there is not access to visual depictions that are obscene or child pornography.

III. *Monitoring of Online Activities*

- The district's computer network coordinator shall be responsible for monitoring to ensure that the online activities of staff and students are consistent with the district's Internet Safety Policy and this regulation. He or she may inspect, copy, review, and store at any time, and without prior notice, any and all usage of the district's computer network for accessing the Internet and World Wide Web and direct electronic communications, as well as any and all information transmitted or received during such use. All users of the district's computer network shall have no expectation of privacy regarding any such materials.
- Except as otherwise authorized under the district's Computer Network or Acceptable Use Policy, students may use the district's computer network to access the Internet and World Wide Web only during supervised class time, study periods or at the school library, and exclusively for research related to their course work.
- Staff supervising students using district computers shall help to monitor student online activities to ensure students access the Internet and World Wide Web, and/or participate in authorized forms of direct electronic communications in accordance with the district's Internet Safety Policy and this regulation.
- The district's computer network coordinator shall monitor student online activities to ensure students are not engaging in hacking (gaining or attempting to gain unauthorized access to other computers or computer systems), and other unlawful activities.

IV. Training

- The district's Instructional Technology Specialist shall provide training to staff and students on the requirements of the Computer Network and Internet Safety Policy and regulations.
- The training of staff and students shall highlight the various activities prohibited by the Internet Safety Policy, and the responsibility of staff to monitor student online activities to ensure compliance therewith.
- Students shall be directed to consult with their classroom teacher if they are unsure whether their contemplated activities when accessing the Internet or Worldwide Web are directly related to their course work.
- Staff and students will be advised to not disclose, use and disseminate personal information about students when accessing the Internet or engaging in authorized forms of direct electronic communications.
- Staff and students will also be informed of the range of possible consequences attendant to a violation of the Internet Safety Policy and this regulation.

V. Reporting of Violations

- Violations of the Internet Safety Policy and this regulation by students and staff shall be reported to the Building Principal.
- The Principal shall take appropriate corrective action in accordance with authorized disciplinary procedures.
- Penalties may include, but are not limited to, the revocation of computer access privileges, as well as school suspension in the case of students and disciplinary charges in the case of teachers.

Adopted June 24, 2002

1st Reading for Re-Adoption February 24, 2009

2nd Reading for Re-Adoption March 24, 2009

**SEXUAL
HARASSMENT
POLICY**

SEXUAL HARASSMENT

The Board of Education recognizes that sexual harassment of students and staff is abusive and illegal behavior that harms victims and negatively impacts the school culture by creating an environment of fear, distrust, intimidation and intolerance. The Board further recognizes that preventing and remedying sexual harassment in schools is essential to ensure a healthy, nondiscriminatory environment in which students can learn and employees can work productively.

The Board is committed to providing an educational and working environment that promotes respect, dignity and equality and that is free from all forms of sexual harassment. To this end, the Board condemns and strictly prohibits all forms of sexual harassment on school grounds, school buses and at all school-sponsored activities, programs and events including those that take place at locations outside the district.

Because sexual harassment can occur staff to student, student to staff, staff to staff, student to student, male to female, female to male, male to male or female to female, it shall be a violation of this policy for any student, employee or third party (school visitor, vendor, etc.) to sexually harass any student, employee or person on school grounds.

In order for the Board to effectively enforce this policy and to take prompt corrective measures, it is essential that all victims of sexual harassment and persons with knowledge of sexual harassment report the harassment immediately. The district will promptly investigate all complaints of sexual harassment, either formal or informal, verbal or written. To the extent possible, all complaints will be treated in a confidential manner. Limited disclosure may be necessary to complete a thorough investigation.

If, after appropriate investigation, the district finds that a student, an employee or a third party has violated this policy, prompt corrective action will be taken in accordance with the collective bargaining agreements, district policy and state law.

All complainants and those who participate in the investigation of a complaint of sexual harassment have the right to be free from retaliation of any kind.

The Superintendent of Schools is directed to implement regulations for reporting, investigating and remedying allegations of sexual harassment. These regulations are to be attached to this policy. In addition, training programs shall be established for students and employees to raise awareness of the issues surrounding sexual harassment and to implement preventative measures to help reduce incidents of sexual harassment.

This policy shall be posted in a prominent place in each district facility and shall also be published in student, parent and employee handbooks, and other appropriate school publications.

1st Reading May 28, 2002

2nd Reading & Adoption June 24, 2002

**WELLNESS POLICY &
REGULATIONS ON
NUTRITION AND
PHYSICAL ACTIVITY**

WELLNESS POLICY ON NUTRITION AND PHYSICAL ACTIVITY

Valley Stream School District Thirteen is committed to providing a school environment that promotes and protects children's health, well being and the ability to learn by supporting healthy eating and physical activity. Pursuant to Section 204 of the Child Nutrition and Women, Infants and Children Reauthorization Act of 2004, the District establishes the following Wellness Policy to enhance the learning and development of lifelong wellness practices.

Children need access to an environment that encourages the intake of healthful foods and participation in lifelong physical activity in order to grow, learn and thrive. Healthy eating, and adequate physical activity and good health foster student attendance and education. Therefore, it is the policy of Valley Stream District Thirteen that:

- ✓ The school district engages students, parents, teachers, food service professionals, health professionals, and other interested community members in developing, implementing, monitoring, and reviewing district-wide nutrition and physical activity policies.
- ✓ All students in grades K-6 have opportunities, support, and encouragement to be physically active on a regular basis.
- ✓ Foods and beverages sold or provided at schools meet or exceed nutrient standards recommended by the Wellness Committee and reviewed on a regular basis by the Board of Education; these standards will be consistent with the U. S. Dietary Guidelines.
- ✓ Students are provided with access to a variety of affordable, nutritious, and appealing foods that meet the health and nutrition needs of students; and will provide clean, safe and pleasant settings and adequate time for students to eat.
- ✓ All schools in our district participate in the National School Lunch Program.
- ✓ Schools provide nutrition education and physical education to foster lifelong habits of healthy eating and physical activity, and establish linkages between health education and school meal programs, and with related community services.

1st Reading May 23, 2006
2nd Reading & Adoption June 20, 2006

WELLNESS REGULATIONS

1. Nutrient Standards

All food sold to or provided to children in the Valley Stream Thirteen District meets the following nutrient standards:

Snacks

All snacks sold by Valley Stream Thirteen are regulated based upon the following criteria:

- Total fat equal to or less than 7 grams of fat per serving
- Saturated fat equal to or less than 2 grams per serving
- Sodium equal to or less than 360 milligrams per serving
- Sugar equal to or less than 15 grams per serving
- No artificial sweeteners
- All snacks must be provided in single serving packages
- No hydrogenated oils
- No high fructose corn syrup

Beverages

All beverages are regulated based upon the following criteria:

- Total fat equal to or less than 3 grams per 8 ounce serving
- Sweetened beverages must meet the following standards:
 - Sugar equal to or less than 18 grams per 8 ounce serving *
 - Container size less than or equal to 12 ounces
 - Sodium equal to or less than 200 milligrams per serving
 - No artificial sweeteners

*One hundred percent (100%) fruit juices are an exception to the sugar standard since they naturally provide 26-30 grams of sugar per 8 ounce serving. Fruit juice also provides many nutrients, and confers health benefits in moderate portions. Therefore, 100% fruit juice can be provided in containers that are 12 ounces or less.

Meals

- Reimbursable meals served in the cafeteria will meet USDA standards and be consistent with the US Dietary Guidelines
-

2. Use of Food in the Classroom / School Building

Beginning in the 2007-2008 school year, food for birthday celebrations will no longer be permitted. Birthdays will be celebrated with activities or non-food items. Teachers and parents will be given a list of suggestions for alternative classroom birthday celebration ideas.

All other grade level celebrations taking place during the school day must be done with non-food items only. Celebrations occurring after school hours may include food items.

The annual end of the year picnic will continue as planned and may include food items. Unless otherwise specified by an IEP, food will not be used for instructional purposes.

3. Fundraising

Food cannot be sold as a fundraiser on school grounds during the school day.

4. Physical Education

Physical education is a planned sequential program of curricula and instruction that helps students develop the knowledge, skills, and confidence necessary for an active lifestyle. Activities that students will participate in will be appealing and will focus on a wide variety of lifelong activities that students will learn.

5. Food/Physical Activity

Teachers and other school personnel will not withhold physical activity except in instances of health and safety or where alternative disciplinary measures have been exhausted.

6. Health Education

Health education is integrated into classroom instruction on all grade levels.

1st Reading and Adoption July 9, 2007

**NOTIFICATION OF
SEX OFFENDER
POLICY**

NOTIFICATION OF RELEASE OF SEX OFFENDERS

The Board of Education recognizes its responsibility for the health, safety and welfare of the students enrolled in the district schools and for those youngsters participating in district program or events. In light of that responsibility, the Board desires that appropriate precautionary measures be taken in the event the district shall receive information from an appropriate law enforcement agency regarding convicted sex offenders who reside within the district's boundaries.

Whenever such information is received from a local law enforcement agency, or other appropriate office, information shall be disseminated by the Superintendent of Schools or his/her designee to the following:

1. central office administrators;
2. Building Principals;
3. security personnel;
4. people responsible for monitoring persons visiting on school district property;
5. individuals supervising students' arrival or departure from school;
6. playground supervisors;
7. custodians;
8. club and intramural activity advisors, athletic coaches;
9. bus drivers and/or bus monitors;
10. safety escorts;
11. all staff members;
12. anyone else identified by the Superintendent on a need to know basis;
13. Board of Education;
14. Parents; and
15. Valley Stream Superintendents

All parties who receive notification will be advised that it is a violation of the law to use the information they receive to harass or discriminate against the individual. In addition, staff shall be instructed not to further disclose such information.

Such personnel shall further be instructed to notify their immediate supervisor in the event they observe any suspicious person in an area where children congregate, and supervisors and Building Administrators will contact local parole and law enforcement authorities, if a convicted sex offender is so observed.

The Administration shall notify the Division of Parole and all law enforcement authorities having jurisdiction within the district, by certified or registered mail, return receipt requested, of the names and address of all private schools and non-school groups which provide services or programs to children on or within school facilities. The Administration shall request that the Division of Parole and law enforcement authorities provide such schools and/or groups with the information that has been provided to the district.

The Administration shall confer with the school attorneys with respect to any questions concerning the application of this policy.

This policy shall be disseminated at least once a year to all district residents.

1st Reading April 29, 2003

2nd Reading & Adoption May 27, 2003

***NOTIFICATION OF RIGHTS UNDER THE
FAMILY EDUCATION RIGHTS AND PRIVACY ACT***

The Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA) afford parents and students over 18 years of age (“eligible students”) certain rights with respect to the student’s education records. They are:

- (1) The right to inspect and review the student’s education records within **45** days of the day the District receives a request for access.

Parents should submit to the District Clerk a written request that identifies the record(s) they wish to inspect. The principal will make arrangements for access and notify the parent of eligible student of the time and place where the records may be inspected.

- (2) The right to request the amendment of the student’s education records that the parent believes are inaccurate or misleading.

Parents may ask the Valley Stream UFSD Thirteen to amend a record that they believe is inaccurate or misleading. They should write the school principal, clearly identify the part of the record they want changed, and specify why it is inaccurate or misleading.

If the District decides not to amend the record as requested by the parent, the District will notify the parent of the decision and advise them of their right to a hearing regarding the request for amendment. Additional information regarding the hearing procedures will be provided to the parent or eligible student when notified of the right to a hearing.

- (3) The right to consent to disclosures of personally identifiable information contained in the student’s education records, except to the extent that FERPA authorizes disclosure without consent.

One exception which permits disclosure without consent is disclosure to school officials with legitimate educational interests. A school official is a person employed by the District as an administrator, supervisor, instructor, or support staff member (including health or medical staff and law enforcement unit personnel); the School Board; a person or company with whom the District has contracted to perform a special task (such as an attorney, auditor, medical consultant, or therapist); or a parent or student serving on an official committee, such as a disciplinary or grievance committee, or assisting another school official in performing his or her tasks.

A school official has a legitimate educational interest if the official needs to review an education record in order to fulfill his or her responsibility.

Upon request, the District may disclose education records without consent to officials of another school in which a student seeks or intends to enroll.

- (4) The right to file a complaint with the U.S. Department of Education concerning alleged failures by the District to comply with the requirements of FERPA. The name and address of the Office that administers FERPA are:

Family Policy Compliance Office
U.S. Department of Education
600 Independence Avenue, SW
Washington, DC 20202-4605

RECORDS AND CONFIDENTIALITY

Personally identified data, information or records pertaining to any child shall not be disclosed by any officer or employee of Valley Stream UFSD Thirteen to any person other than the parent or legal guardian of such child, except in accordance with the provisions of Section 300.571 of Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations.

Parents and legal guardians retain the right to see all of the student's school records, tests and reports, and to have them satisfactorily explained. Copies of records are available upon request at a reasonable cost.

RELEASE OF DIRECTORY INFORMATION UNDER THE FAMILY EDUCATION RIGHTS AND PRIVACY ACT

Valley Stream UFSD Thirteen may provide limited student directory information to potential news and feature article publication sources, including the district Web site, unless a refusal of consent to release has been filed in writing by the parent or legal guardian with respect to the distribution of any or all of the listed items of student directory information. Directory information includes: student's name, address, name of student's parents/guardians, date and place of birth, participation in recognized activities and sports, awards and recognition received, and photographs.

<p>Under the Family Education Rights and Privacy Act of 1974, parents or legal guardians who do not wish the information released, must make a specific request in writing, mailed by September 30th to the District Clerk, Valley Stream UFSD Thirteen, 585 North Corona Avenue, Valley Stream, NY 11580.</p>
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INTEGRATED PEST MANAGEMENT (IPM)

The Valley Stream UFSD Thirteen has an Integrated Pest Management Program in accordance with NYS Education Department Regulations. This program dictates that the least toxic pesticide be used only when absolutely necessary. Any student, parent/guardian, or staff member may register to receive written notification 48 hours prior to a regulated pesticide application. Individuals may request that their name be added to the school registry at any time during the school year.

All interested parties should contact the District's Pesticide Representative, Mrs. Meredith Brosnan, Assistant Superintendent for Business at (516) 568-6110 Monday through Friday 8:00 a.m.–4:00 p.m.

EMERGENCY PLAN

In order to provide for the safety and security of both students and staff, Valley Stream District Thirteen has an emergency plan that addresses risk reduction and prevention and details responses to a variety of emergencies that could occur. As part of this plan, each school conducts emergency exercises including fire drills and lockdown/lockout exercises. During lockdown/lockout drills the building is locked and no one is permitted to enter or leave. A sign is posted to indicate that a drill is in progress.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Interschool Council of PTAs

President:	Christina Picarella	596-9025
Vice President:	Marlana Romano	385-5484
Treasurer:	Patricia Brewington	812-8517
Secretary:	Linetta Plevritis	593-8143

Reporting Damage to School Property

The school playgrounds are used by many children in the community. Most of these children are careful to avoid the destruction or defacement of school property. However, since there are a few who abuse this privilege, the cooperation of all parents and children is needed in helping to reduce vandalism.

Please report any questionable conduct to the custodian in charge of each building as follows:

James A. Dever School	Jim Babst	568-6125
Howell Road School	Richard Trafficanda	568-6135
Wheeler Avenue School	John Rofrano	568-6285
Willow Road School	William Buchanan	568-6645

Closing of School

Should it be necessary to close school due to weather conditions or other emergencies, announcements will be made over the following radio stations and will be on the district website www.valleystream13.com. You will also be notified through our emergency calling system.

WBGG (1240)	WHLI/WKJY (1100)	WALK (1370)
WINS (1010)	WNBC (660)	WCBS NEWSRADIO 88AM (880)
FOX 5	WABC-TV (7)	

Also on Cablevision Channel 12

A delayed opening is 90 minutes as follows:

Willow Road School	9:30 a.m.
James A. Dever School	9:55 a.m.
Howell Road School	10:20 a.m.
Wheeler Avenue School	10:20 a.m.

VALLEY STREAM DISTRICT 13

Board of Education

Frank Chiachiere, Ph.D.

President

Joan Gartner

Vice President

Joseph DiSibio

Debra Evans

Jeanne Greco Jacobs

William P. Stris

Administration

Adrienne Robb-Fund, Ed.D.

Superintendent of Schools

Meredith Brosnan

Assistant Superintendent for Business

Linda Roth

Assistant Superintendent for Curriculum & Instruction

Lisa Sells-Asch

Assistant Superintendent for Special Services

Darren Gruen

Principal, James A. Dever School

Frank Huplosky

Principal, Howell Road School

Christine Zerillo, Ed.D.

Principal, Wheeler Avenue School

Stephanie Capozzoli

Principal, Willow Road School